



## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE NEBRASKA MULTIPLE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, FORM 73 MFR

All Nebraska motor fuels tax reporting is submitted monthly through the Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) process. This printed schedule is provided to illustrate the fields and types of information that must be included for each load of fuel received. The required information for some of the fields is discussed below.

**Column 2.** Enter the name of the carrier hired to transport the fuel. If you use your own transport or tank wagon, enter your name.

**Column 4.** Valid modes of transportation are:

<b>J</b> = Truck	<b>PL</b> = Pipeline	<b>B</b> = Barge
<b>R</b> = Railroad	<b>GS</b> = Gas Station	<b>S</b> = Ship

**Column 5.** The origin is the location from which the product was shipped. If the location was at a fuel pipeline terminal, enter the IRS terminal code. In all other cases, use the appropriate two-letter state abbreviation.

**Column 6.** The destination is the location to which the product was transferred. Enter the two-letter state abbreviation or the IRS terminal code, if appropriate.

**Column 9.** Enter the bill of lading date from the manifest. This date should be identical to the date indicated on the seller's disbursement schedule (MM/DD/YY). Do not use the invoice date if it is different than the date of transfer of title or possession.

**Column 10.** The bill of lading number is the most commonly-reported document number and is normally used to report full-load transactions. An invoice number will be used to report receipt of product removed from the seller's storage. The document number must be identical to the document number reported on the seller's disbursement schedule.

**Column 12.** The following three-character alternative product codes will also be accepted:

**123** (Ethanol-Alcohol) –or **E00**;

**124** (Gasohol) – or **E01** to **E99**, where the number indicates the ethanol percentage of the fuel;

**170** (Undyed Biodiesel Blend) – or **B01** to **B99**, where the number indicates the biodiesel percentage in the fuel; and

**171** (Dyed Biodiesel Blend) – or **D01** to **D99**, where the number indicates the biodiesel percentage in the fuel.

### Filing Reminders:

MFR's are not completed for kerosene, propane, and other compressed fuels. Kerosene is reported either on the disbursement schedule or on line 4 of the return. Propane and other compressed fuels are reported **only** on line 4 of the return. Tax on these fuel types is due when those gallons are sold tax-paid, used in a taxable manner, or blended with another motor fuel.

Dyed diesel is not subject to the motor fuels tax; however, the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Fee (PRF) does apply to dyed diesel. By reporting the dyed diesel on this schedule, the PRF is automatically calculated. Motor fuels tax is not calculated on the dyed diesel.

Schedule Codes 2A and 4 are unique to this return.

- **Schedule Code 2A** – Use this schedule code to report the Nebraska purchase of ethanol that you placed into Nebraska terminal storage. The IRS terminal code must be reported as the destination. These transactions will not affect the face of the return and will not be part of the calculation of tax. A corresponding disbursement for this transaction is not reported since this schedule code indicates a terminal as a destination.
- **Schedule Code 4** – Use this schedule code to report the import of ethanol that you placed into Nebraska terminal inventory. The IRS terminal code must be reported as the destination. These transactions will not affect the face of the return and will not be part of the calculation of tax. A corresponding disbursement for this transaction is not reported since this schedule code indicates a terminal as a destination.

Valid Federal Employee Identification Numbers (FEINs) must be used for all fuel transfers in Nebraska. Nebraska licensees and their correct FEINs are listed under [Licensees](#).